

The logo features a stylized 'P' on the left, followed by a graphic of a person in motion with a white dot for a head and a white-to-orange gradient swoosh for a body. This graphic is overlaid on a grid of orange dots. To the right of the graphic, the word 'rouette' is written in a white, rounded, lowercase sans-serif font. Below the main text, the tagline 'dilatometry for processing' is written in a smaller, orange, lowercase sans-serif font.

pirouette
dilatometry for processing

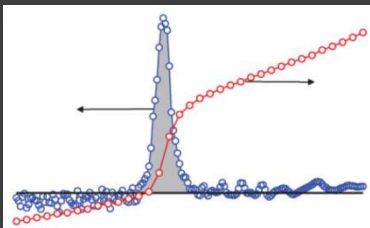
Company profile



Commercial partner and liaison for the Department of Mechanical Engineering



Specialized in the development and production of dedicated and innovative R&D equipment



Actively involved in polymer research and development of new dilatometer technologies

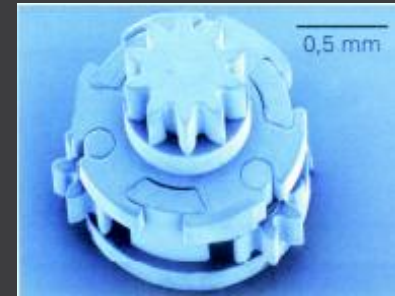
Dilatometry

- Measurement of the specific volume of a material as a function of temperature and pressure
 - Pressure-Volume-Temperature (PVT) behavior*
- PVT-behavior of polymers is of great importance for predicting the shrinkage behavior of polymers
- Quantitative prediction of shrinkage can lead to
 - time and cost reduction of process and mold optimization
 - shorter time to market of high precision polymer products

Dilatometry fields of application



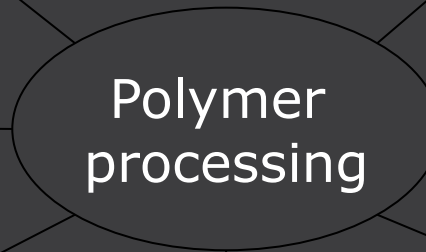
Lightweight construction



High-precision components



Mould design



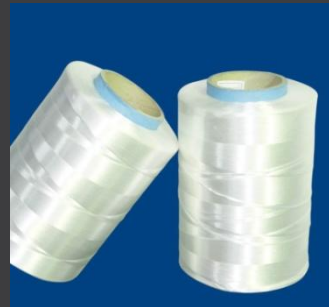
Polymer research



Grade control



High-strength fibers



Bio-polymers



PVT at realistic processing conditions

- Semi-crystalline polymers are widely used (e.g. PP, PE, ...)
- PVT-behavior of crystallizing polymers not well understood
- Crystallinity strongly determines specific volume and
 - crystallinity depends on pressure
 - crystallinity depends on thermal history (i.e. cooling rate)
 - crystallinity depends on experienced flow (i.e. shear)
- Injection molding and extrusion processing conditions require measurements of PVT-behavior at
 - elevated pressures of $\mathcal{O}(10^2)$ MPa
 - cooling rates of $\mathcal{O}(10^2)$ °C/s
 - shear rates of $\mathcal{O}(10^2-10^4)$ 1/s

Our equipment design philosophy

- **Safety**
 - Equipment must provide safe working conditions
- **Reproducibility**
 - Experimental results can be accurately reproduced
- **User-friendliness**
 - Minimize time and skills required to use the equipment
- **Versatility**
 - Optimize usability and expansion possibilities

Pirouette PVT apparatus



Benefits

- Dilatometry at realistic processing conditions for injection molding
- Safe and easy-to-use system allows for much faster experimentation
- Absolute measurement of specific volume so no reference data needed

Advantages

- Small sample volumes needed
- Automated control system and HMI
- Only standard power, water and compressed air supply required

Features

- Cooling rates up to 140 °C/s
- Shear rates up to 180 s⁻¹
- Static pressures up to 1000 bar

Pirouette specifications

General

Dimensions	600x750x1950 mm (wxdxh)
Weight	300 kg
PC outputs	1x Ethernet RJ45 2x USB 2.0 CF/SD card reader
Lab connections	230 V AC, 2 kW power supply pressurized air at 5 bar tap water 20 l/min at 4 bar drain water pipe > Ø 32mm

Sample

Inner sample ring diameter	21 mm
Outer sample ring diameter	22 mm
Sample ring height	2.5 mm
Sample weight ¹ (indicative)	75 mg

Measurement conditions

Pressure range	0.1 – 100 MPa
Temperature range	20 – 300 °C
Cooling rate	0.1 – 140 °C s ⁻¹
Shear rate	1 – 180 s ⁻¹

Displacement measurement

Type	photoelectric linear encoder
Range	5 mm
Resolution	±0.1 µm
Accuracy	±0.8 µm

Temperature measurement

Type	J-type thermocouples
Positions ²	height 0, 1.25, and 2.5 mm Ø 19.5 and Ø 23.5 mm
Range	0 – 750 °C
Accuracy	±2.5 °C

Process control

Pressure control	electronic 3-way valve 0 – 6 bar inlet pressure accuracy < 1.0 % of range
Temperature control	digital temperature controller accuracy < 1% of range 750 W heating power
Shear control	digitally controlled servo servo error < 1% of range

¹ Indicative value for polypropylene; total amount of material needed depends on the material and production method.

² Heights specified relative to the bottom edge of the material sample.

Pirouette control software

The image displays three overlapping screenshots of the Pirouette control software interface. The top-left window is the 'MAIN SCREEN' with a navigation menu on the left containing buttons for Calibration, Program, Cool, Measure, Settings, Manual, and Post Process, along with a Logout button. The top-right window is the 'PROGRAM SCREEN' showing fields for Path recipes, Filename receipt, and Command, with a table for Recipe parameters. The bottom window is the 'MEASUREMENT SCREEN' showing a Test type dropdown, a table of Test parameters, a graph of Temperature (°C) vs Time, and a 'Test info & comment' section with checkboxes for various measurements. At the bottom, there are status indicators for 'TO SAFE STATE' and 'LOCKED', and a 'Pirouette Software v 1.0.1' logo.

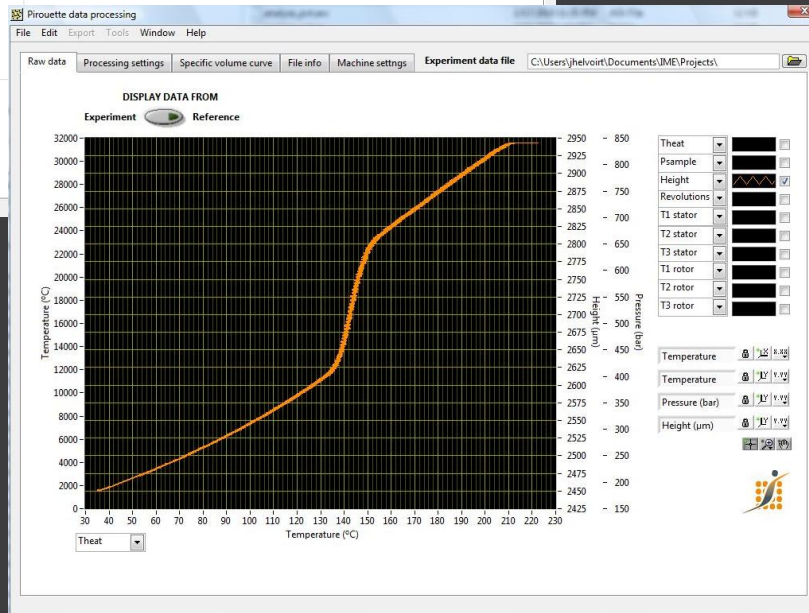
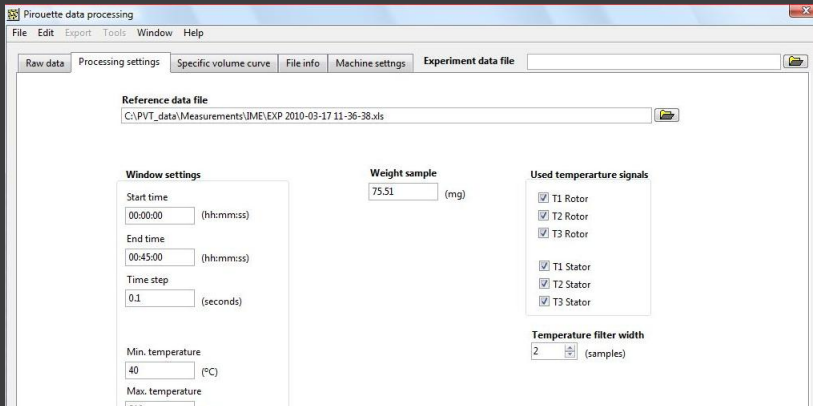
HMI

- Intuitive user interface
- Measurement automation
- Robust touch-panel and keyboard
- Online monitoring of experiments
- Machine status and safety checks



Pirouette data processing

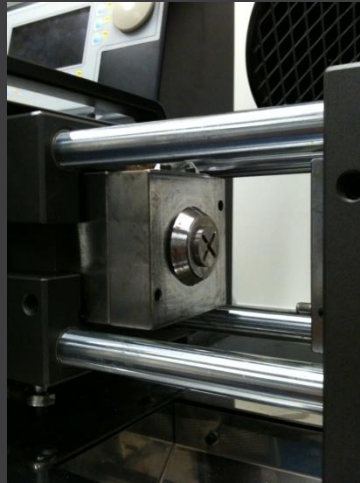
Combining baseline and test data into PVT diagram



Pirouette viewer

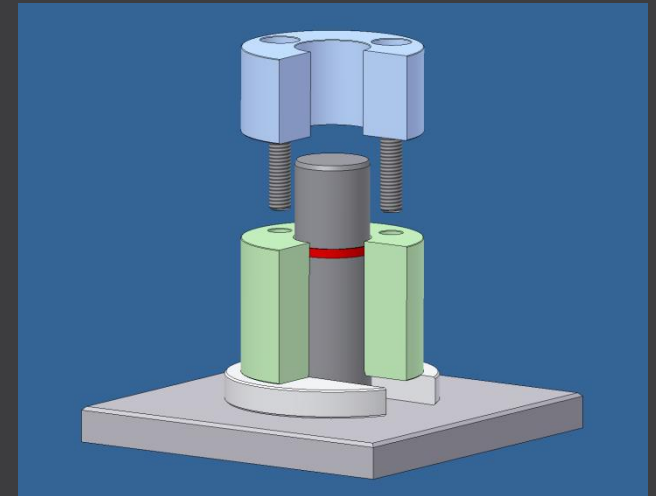
- Stand-alone processing tool
- Raw data visualization
- Data conditioning
- Automated PVT curve generation
- Temperature correction algorithm for quenching experiments

Pirouette sample production



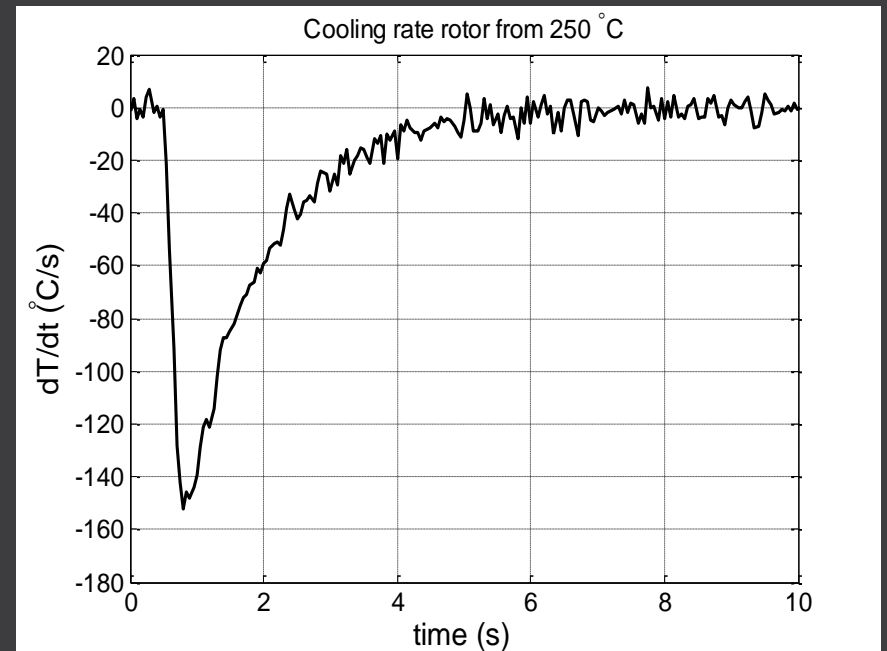
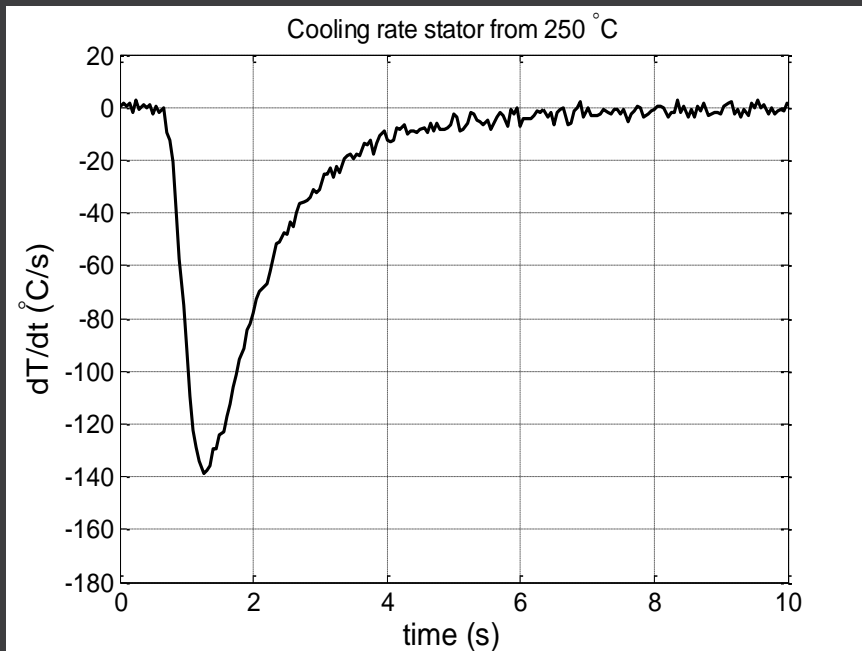
Sample rings

- Only a very small amount of sample material needed
- Produced with small injection molding machine like Babyplast
- Customized mold design available
- Powder press mold available for single ring production



Pirouette performance – cooling

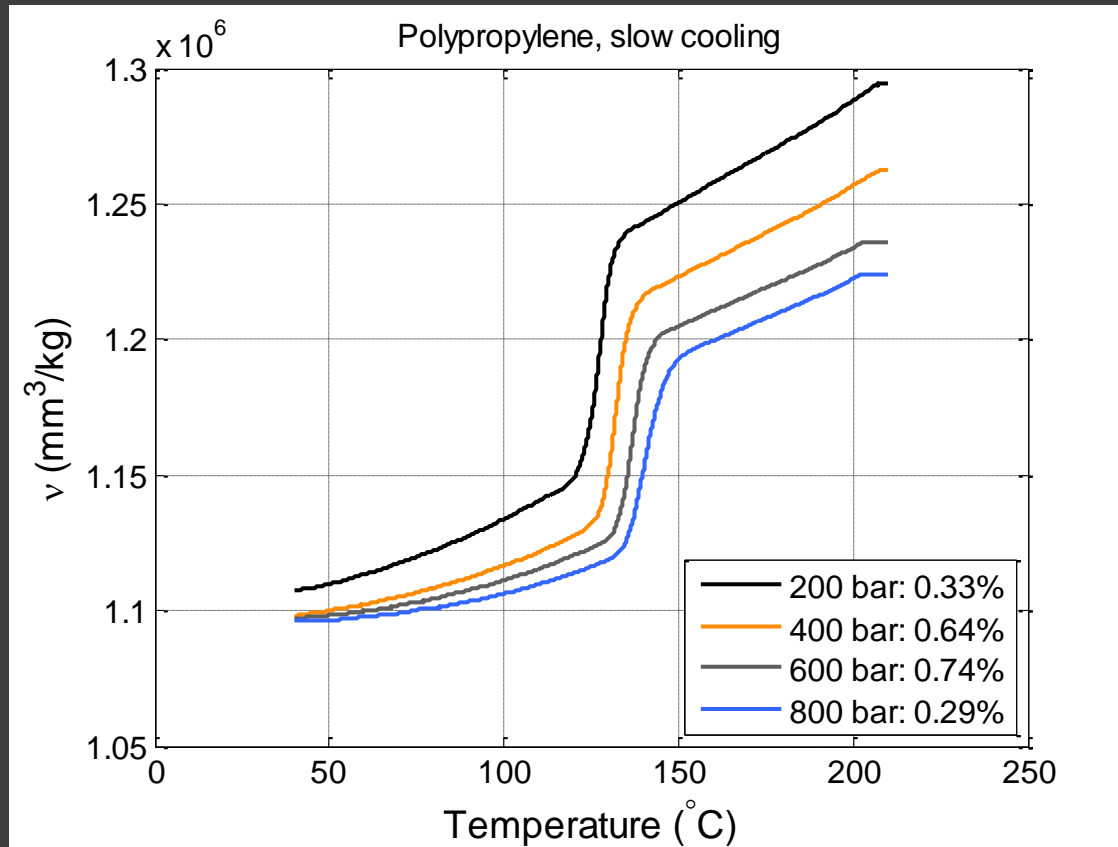
Measuring the maximum cooling rate during quenching with water



Cooling rate during quenching around 140 °C/s

Pirouette performance – specific volume

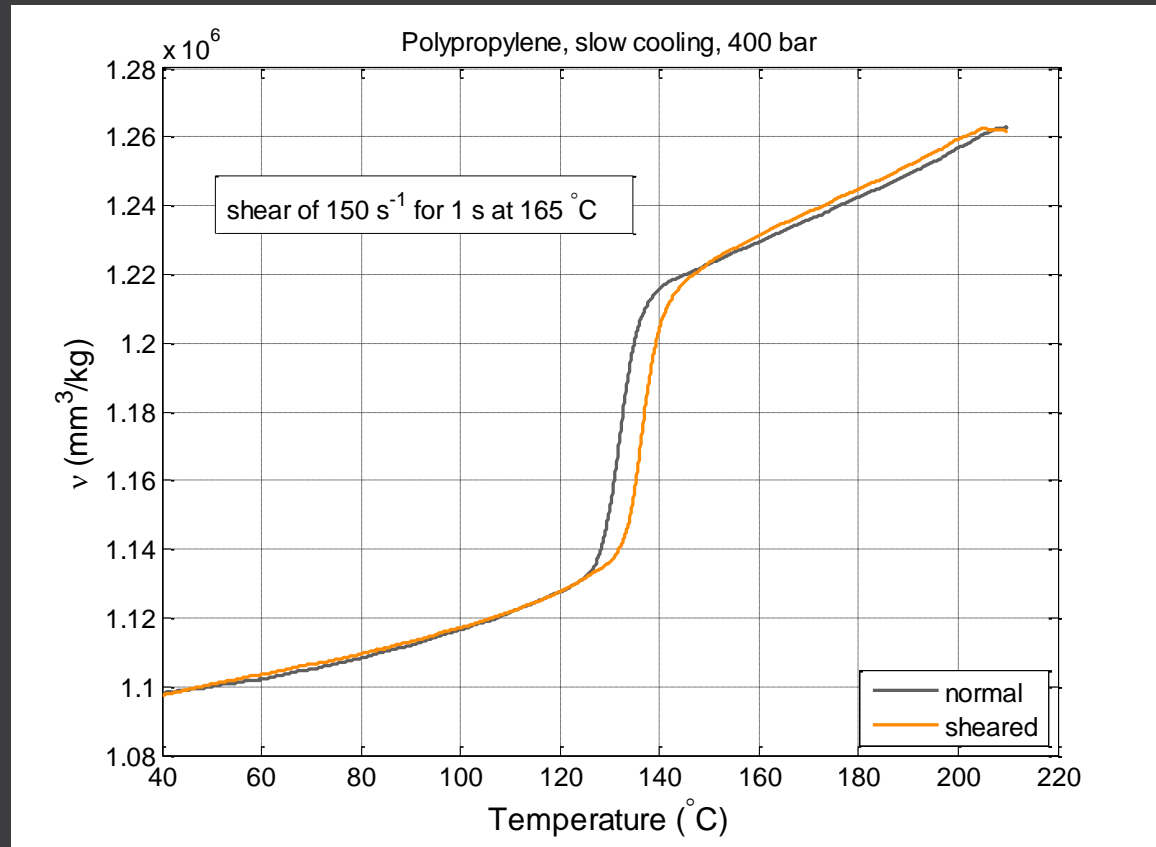
Specific volume measurements at different pressures



Specific volume at 200 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ within 1% of benchmark

Pirouette performance – shear flow

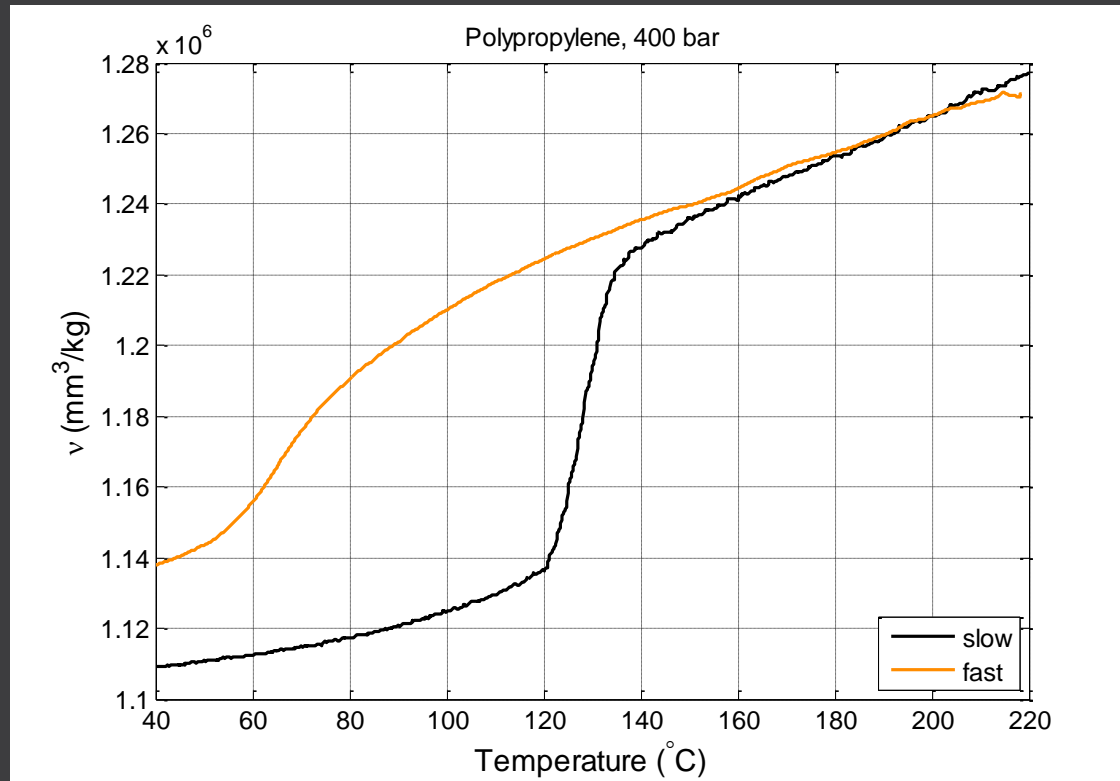
Shear applied to investigate the effect of flow on the specific volume



Shear flow accelerates the onset of crystallization

Pirouette performance – cooling rates

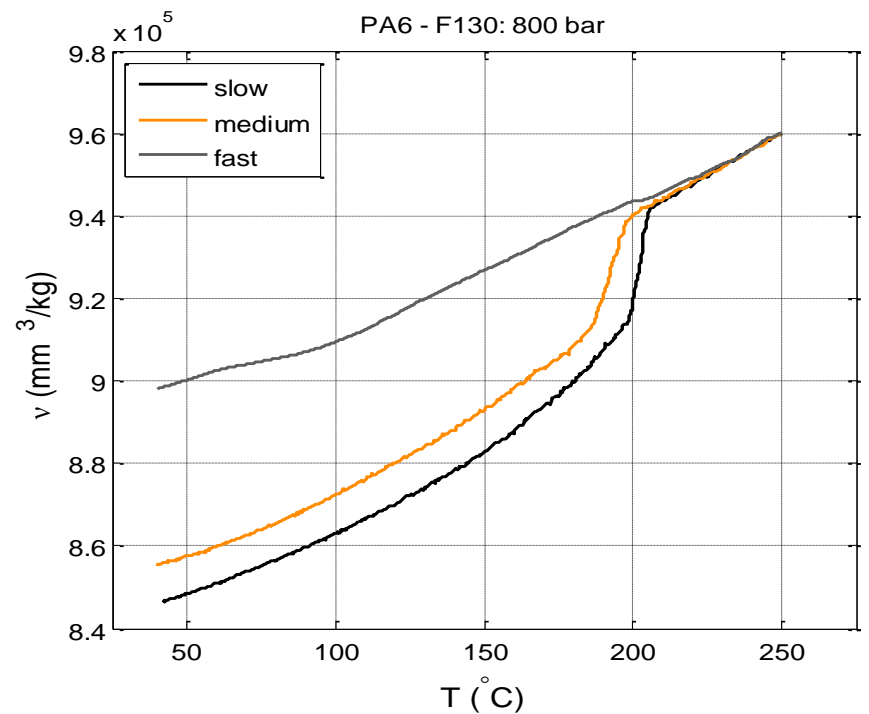
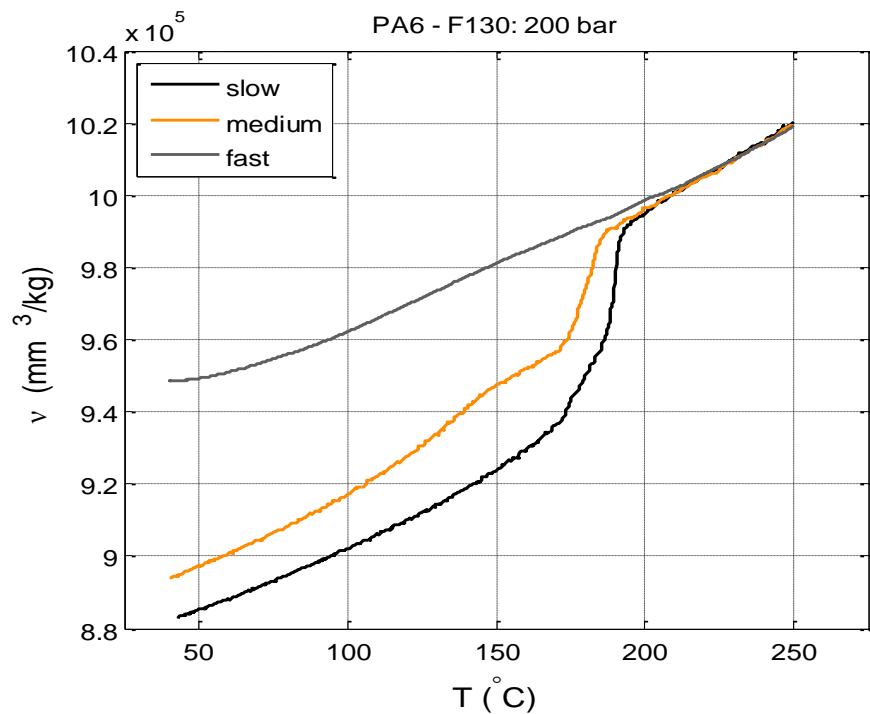
Studying the effect of cooling rates on the specific volume



Onset and amount of crystallization affected by cooling rate

Pirouette performance – nylon (PA) data

Unique measurements of PVT behavior of nylon



Very good results despite difficulties with sticking behavior of PA

References

- Eindhoven University of Technology, the Netherlands
- DSM, the Netherlands
- Transfercenter für Kunststofftechnik GmbH, Austria
- Borealis, Austria
- SABIC, the Netherlands
- ...

Pirouette sales information

Standard deliverables

- Pirouette PVT apparatus
- Pirouette system cabinet with
 - Electronic control module
 - Process control module
 - Housing with connection panel
 - Touch-panel and keyboard
- Measurement & control software
- System documentation
- Set of PTFE confinement rings
- On-site installation and instructions

Options

- Pirouette advanced data processing software
- Sample mold for Babyplast
- Powder press mold for single ring production
- Calibration and maintenance contract
- Various extended service level agreements

Contact

IME Technologies
Tel +31 (0)40 247 3337
sales@imetechnologies.nl
www.imetechnologies.nl



Scientific publications

Publications on PVT related research by the Polymer Technology group, TU/e

R. Forstner, G.W.M. Peters, H.E.H. Meijer, *Int. Polymer Processing*, pp. 114-121, 2009
A novel dilatometer for PVT measurements at high cooling – and shear rates

J.W. Housmans, L. Balzano, M. Adinolfi, G.W.M. Peters, H.E.H. Meijer, *Macromol. Mater. Eng.*, vol. 294, 2009
Dilatometry: A tool to measure the influence of cooling rate and pressure on the phase behavior of nucleated polypropylene

R. Forstner, G.W.M. Peters, C. Rendina, J.W. Housmans, H.E.H. Meijer, *J. Therm. Analysis & Calorimetry*, vol. 98, pp. 683-691, 2009
Volumetric rheology of polymers: The influence of shear flow, cooling rate and pressure on the specific volume of iPP and P/E random copolymers

M.H.E. van der Beek, G.W.M. Peters, H.E.H. Meijer, *Macromolecules*, vol. 39(26), pp. 9278-9284, 2006
Classifying the combined influence of shear rate, temperature, and pressure on crystalline morphology and specific volume of isotactic (Poly)Propylene

M.H.E. van der Beek, PhD Thesis, Polymer Technology group, TU/e, 2005
Specific volume of polymers: Influence of the thermomechanical history

M.H.E. van der Beek, G.W.M. Peters, H.E.H. Meijer, *Int. Polymer Processing*, pp. 111-120, 2005
A dilatometer to measure the influence of cooling rate and melt shearing on specific volume

M.H.E. van der Beek, G.W.M. Peters, H.E.H. Meijer, *Macromol. Mater. Eng.*, vol. 290(5), pp. 443-455, 2005
The influence of cooling rate on the specific volume of isotactic polypropylene at elevated pressures

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